

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. published on

THE BEEKEEPING ACT, 2002
(NO.15 OF 2002)

REGULATIONS
[Made under Section 58(1)]

THE BEEKEEPING (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 2005

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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THE BEEKEEPING ACT, 2002
(NO.15 OF 2002)

REGULATIONS
(Made under section 58(1))

THE BEEKEEPING (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 2005

**PART I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS**

- Citation **1.** These Regulations may be cited as the Beekeeping (General) Regulations, 2005 and shall come into operation on the date of publication in the *Gazette*.
- Application **2.** These Regulations shall apply in relation to the keeping, gathering, hunting, storage and business in apiary products or bee products.
- Interpretation **3.** The Beekeeping(General) Regulations, 2005 override all other previous Regulations concerned with keeping, gathering, hunting, storage and business in apiary products or bee products, and the Competent Authority responsible for honey, beeswax and other apiary products or bee products is the Director of Forestry and Beekeeping. In these Regulations, unless the context requires otherwise-
- “Act” means the Beekeeping Act, No. 15 of 2002;
 - “apiary” means an area with beehives or a collection of beehives;
 - “apiary product or bee product” includes live bees, brood, beeswax, honey, cut comb honey, comb sections, bee combs, honey dew, bee collected pollen, pollination services, bee venom, propolis or royal jelly or any substance declared by regulations to be an apiary product or bee product for purposes of this Act;
 - “authorised officer” means a beekeeping officer or any other officer appointed as such in writing by the Minister or Director to exercise any power or discharge any duty under this Act or any subsidiary legislation made under this Act;
 - “beekeeper” means a person who owns or has under his control or possession bees or an apiary or a person on whose behalf, bees or an apiary are kept;
 - “beekeepers registration system” means the system which may be established in accordance with the provisions of section 27 of this Act;

- “beeswax” means the wax secreted by bees as bee comb material and includes raw beeswax and refined beeswax;
- “blended honey” means mixed honeys that originate from several floral sources.
- “Chief Executive Officer” has the meaning ascribed to it by section 2 of the Act;
- “comb honey” means honey contained in the cells of the comb in which it is produced;
- “commercial beeswax” means worked beeswax produced for sale by a manufacturer of apiary products or bee products;
- “creamed honey” means honey that is completely granulated or solidified through natural crystallization i.e. with no added fine crystal starter honey or produced by one of several controlled crystallization processes.
- “cut comb honey” means bulk comb honey cut into pieces of various sizes, the edges drained or extracted, and the individual pieces wrapped in cellophane or polyethylene bags.
- “dealer” means a person or body of persons doing business in apiary products or bee products;
- “Director” means the person for the time being exercising the functions of the Director of Forestry and Beekeeping Division;
- “disease” means any infectious disease to which bees are subject and includes any parasite of bees;
- “extracted honey (also known as strained honey) means honey that has been separated from the comb by centrifugal force, gravity, straining, or by other means and may appear on the market in different forms such as:
- (a) liquid honey which is honey that is free of visible crystals.
 - (b) crystallized honey also known as granulated honey which means honey that is completely granulated or solidified, including products known as “candied”, “fondant”, “creamed”, or “spread” types of honey provided that such crystallization may be natural, i.e. with no added fine-crystal “starter” honey, or produced by one or several controlled crystallization processes;
- “honey” means saccharine secretions from the nectaries of flowers that are gathered, modified and stored by honeybees in bee combs and are laevo-rotatory;
- “honey dew” means the saccharine exudations of living parts of plants and the sweet liquid excreted by hemipterous insects feeding on plants that are gathered, modified and stored by honeybees in bee combs and are dextro-rotatory;
- “import permit” means an import permit granted under section 36 of the Act;

“infected” means contaminated with a pathogen or bacteria or chemical pollution or foreign matter;
“local authority beekeeping zone” means an area of land established as local authority beekeeping zone under section 25 of the Act;

PART II BEEKEEPING AND GATHERING OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS

- Regulation of use of pesticides
- 4.-** (1) Any apiary product or bee product except where Integrated Pest Management is applied shall be established at least 7 kilometers away from where pesticides are applied.
(2) No spray of pesticides shall be done during the day time within at least 7 kilometers to or inside an apiary.
(3) Any beekeeper intending to establish an apiary shall communicate such intention by writing to the appropriate local authority within the area and shall make such establishment known to the public by erecting a sign post that shows the name of the apiary and owner including his address.
(4) Where a person intends to apply pesticides on land, he shall communicate such intention to beekeepers through the appropriate local authority and the general public within an area where such application is to be done.
- Use of bee smoker
- 5.** Any beekeeper intending to harvest apiary products or bee products shall use a bee smoker or any other environmentally friendly material authorized by the Director.
- Prohibition of beekeeping near tobacco farms
- 6.** No person shall establish an apiary near a tobacco farm except in a distance of 7 kilometers away from where apiary is kept.
- Prohibition of bark hives
- 7.** No person shall make or use bark hives for keeping bees except that the use of bark hives may be permitted for a period specified in the *Gazette*.
- Conservation of environment
- 8.** (1) Any person practising honey gathering shall ensure that the environment is protected and that such activities do not damage the environment.
(2) An apiary shall consist of any number of receptacles with or without bees placed in a bee house, tree branches, cavities, on stands and or on the ground within an area not exceeding fifty hectares.

(3) There shall be established bee reserves consisting of one or several apiaries that are owned by private individuals, organized groups, communities, local authority, NGOs and or Central Government with a minimum area of fifty hectares.

Register of beekeepers and apiary products or bee Products dealers

9. There shall be a register of beekeepers into which shall be entered particulars of each beekeeper including but not limited to:

- (a) name and address of a beekeeper;
- (b) place where beekeeping is carried on;
- (c) number of apiaries and hives owned;
- (d) description of appliances used;
- (e) description of storage facilities used;
- (f) in the case of bee product processing establishment, types of bee products intended to be produced.

Maintenance of the register

10. (1) The register of beekeepers and apiary products or bee products dealers shall be kept and maintained by the Director or Chief Executive Officer.

(2) The Director or Chief Executive Officer may delegate his functions in relation to maintenance of the register of beekeepers and apiary products or bee products dealers to authorized officers.

Requirement to register and issuance of certificate

11. (1) Every beekeeper and every apiary product or bee product dealer shall register with the Director or Chief Executive Officer.

(2) Upon registration, the Director or Chief Executive Officer shall issue a certificate to a beekeeper or as the case may be an apiary product or bee product dealer and shall enter particulars thereof into the register of beekeepers and apiary products or bee products dealers.

Offence for failure to register

12. Any person being a beekeeper or an apiary product or bee product dealer who fails to register commits an offence and shall be proceeded against in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

PART III QUALITY ASSURANCE AND STANDARDS

Standards
required for apiary
product or bee
product processing
establishments

- 13.** Any person or entity desirous of establishing an apiary product or bee product establishment shall conform or comply with but not limited to quality assurance parameters that:
- (a) the plant shall consist of a ware room or store for storage of bulk apiary products or bee products;
 - (b) a packaging room shall be made of tiled walls and floor;
 - (c) the packaging room shall have an area of at least six metres long and four metres wide, where possible, have a showroom;
 - (d) room temperature shall be kept at 25°C;
 - (e) running water shall be provided in store rooms designated for non-retailed (bulk) supply of apiary products or bee products; there shall be a changing room for staff;
 - (g) as regarding to hygiene for staff, there shall be provided clean clothes and headgear;
 - (h) wire mesh in the windows and doors;
 - (i) smoking, spitting, eating and drinking in work and storage areas shall be prohibited.
 - (j) Environmental Impact Assessment shall be a prerequisite before establishment of apiary products or bee products processing plant.

Director or Chief
Executive Officer or
authorized Officer to
examine bee product
processing
establishments

14. For the purpose of conformity with Regulation 13, the Director or Chief Executive Officer or authorized officer shall examine each apiary products or bee products processing establishment.

Quality of honey

15.- (1) No person shall place on the market honey extracted from unsealed combs unless such honey was harvested and processed in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) The quality of honey shall be measured in accordance with the conditions prescribed herein below so that honey shall:-

- (a) be free from foreign impurities such as mould, insects, debris, brood or grains of sand;
- (b) be free from any objectionable flavour, aroma or taint absorbed from foreign matters during the processing or storage of honey;
- (c) be free from fermentation or effervescence;
- (d) not have been directly heated to such an extent as to inactivate greatly or completely the natural enzymes it contains.
- (e) be free from any additive;
- (f) have a moisture content not exceeding twenty one percent ;

- (g) have a diastase activity of not less than ten Diastase Number (DN) provided that the hydroxy methyl-furfural is not more than forty milligrams per kilogram;
 - (h) have a water insoluble solids content not exceeding 0.1 percent;
 - (i) have an ash content not exceeding 0.6 percent.
 - (j) have an acidity content not exceeding forty milligrams equivalent per kilogram;
 - (k) have reducing sugar content of not less than 65 percent;
 - (l) have sucrose content not exceeding 5 percent;
 - (m) not have (i) more than one part per million of phenol;
(ii) more than one part per million of coumaphos;
 - (n) not have-
 - (i) More than one milligram per kilogram; of streptomycin
 - (ii) More than one milligram per kilogram of ; tetracycline
 - (iii) More than one milligram per kilogram of sulfanomid
 - (o) have not more than 50 parts per billion of organophosphorous and organochlorine traces.
 - p) have one of the following colour ranges: water white, extra white, white, extra light amber, light amber , amber or dark amber each of which varies with botanical origin (flower species and soils), age & storage conditions (environmental factors).
 - q) be free from heavy metal contaminants.
- (3) The quality of honey shall conform to or comply with Codex Alimentarius or European Union Standards/specification.

Storage of honey

- 16.** (1) Honey shall be stored in lacquered or non-rusting airtight containers.
(2) Honey shall be stored at temperature not exceeding 25 °C.

Processing of honey

- 17.** (1) Honey shall be removed from the combs by extraction or pressing and draining.
(2) Honey removed by methods prescribed in subregulation (1) shall be filtered or strained.
(3) Honey may be processed as comb or chunk honey.

Handling and traceability of honey

- 18. -** (1) The Director or Chief Executive Officer shall develop a record keeping system to enable tracing of honey from the source to the market.
(2) The record shall contain the following particulars:
(a) location and the bee fodder from which the honey was collected;
(b) Residue monitoring report as per EU, Codex Alimentations and other internationally recognized standardization; and
the product and sanitary control file which contains results of laboratory analyses and field inspections at the point of export or import.

Transportation of honey

19. - (1) Honey shall be carried in such a way so as to protect containers from mechanical damage and contamination.

(2) Transportation of honey shall be done during the night in order to avoid the heat of the sun that could adversely affect the quality of honey or if done during the day shall be done using refrigerated or insulated containers.

HCCP principles to be observed by dialers and hygienic condition of apiary products or bee products

20. (1) The HCCP principles provided for under the Third Schedule to these Regulations shall be used by each dealer and all apiary products or bee products shall be tested for compliance with the quality standards.

(2) No person shall place on the market contaminated apiary products or bee products. Any person being a beekeeper or an apiary product or bee product dealer who places on the market contaminated apiary products or bee products commits an offence and shall be proceeded against in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(3) All dealers shall at all times observe the highest possible standard of cleanliness as follows:

(a) during the harvesting, processing and packaging of apiary products or bee products;

(b) containers used for storage shall be designed in such a way as to ensure protection of apiary products or bee products from contamination and preservation of the products in sufficient hygienic conditions;

(c) waste shall be disposed of in premises set aside for waste disposal; and

(d) physical appearance of containers be kept clean.

Packaging, marking and labeling of honey

21. - (1) Honey for retail sale shall be packed in hygienically clean, plain, well sealed jars or any other suitable containers which are food grade, acid resistant, non-reactive to the content and cannot cause the transfer of foreign odours to the honey.

(2) Honey for non-retail (bulk) sale shall be packed in new or used lacquer coated drums.

(3) No honey shall be placed on the market unless it has been labeled in accordance with this Regulation.

(4) The label referred to in subregulation (3) shall include the following information:

(a) source from where the product was produced (geographical region);

(b) type of honey e.g. creamed or granulated or comb honey or chunk honey;

(c) weight of the product;

(d) name and address of the dealer;

(e) date of processing and packaging;

(f) shelf life of the product;

(g) plainly marked "Honey";

(h) the words "Produce of Tanzania"; in case of import the country of origin; and

(i) whether blended or otherwise.

Quality of beeswax

- 22.-** (1) Where beeswax is so prepared for any market it shall conform to the following conditions:
- (a) it contains no impurities;
 - (b) it has a natural floral colour ranging from white-yellowish to olive grey;
 - (c) it has floral scent;
 - (d) it breaks with granular, not crystalline fracture;
 - (e) it is not sticky;
 - (f) has a specific gravity of 0.962 and 0.979 at 15.5°C and 25°C, respectively;
 - (g) its melting point lies between 62.0°C and 65.0°C;
 - (h) the setting point lies between 61.0°C and 96.5°C;
 - (i) it does not contain more than 1.0% of volatile matter determined by heating for 6 hours at 100°C to 105°C;
 - (j) on incineration it does not contain more than 0.2% of ash;
 - (k) it does not contain more than 1.0% of matter insoluble in benzene;
 - (l) it does not contain more than 0.5% of matter insoluble in water;
 - (m) aqueous solution is not acidic to methyl orange;
 - (n) the acid value lies between 17 and 24;
 - (o) the saponification value lies between 85 and 100;
 - (p) the ester value lies between 70 and 80;
 - (q) the iodine value lies between 8 and 12;
 - (r) the refractive index at 75°C lies between 1.4398 to 1.4451;
 - (s) the reaction to the Weinworm Test is negative;
 - (t) the reaction to the Sterol Group Test is negative;

(2) Subregulation (1) shall apply to the products of species of *Apis mellifera* or *Apis mellifica* and their subspecies.

(3) Any person who prepares any article which purports to be beeswax commits an offence against these Regulations.

(4) No beeswax chemically bleached or sun bleached shall be placed on the market.

(5) No person shall place on the market-adulterated beeswax.

Storage of beeswax

23. Beeswax shall be kept in a container or rooms free from chemicals or dampness or temperature not exceeding 25°C.

Inspection of beeswax

24. No beeswax shall be exported unless it has been inspected by an authorized officer.

Issuance of sanitary certificate

25. - (1) An authorized officer shall issue a sanitary certificate in the form set out in the First Schedule to these Regulations after inspecting every consignment or beeswax sample.

(2) A sanitary certificate shall be in the form prescribed in the First Schedule to these Regulations.

Fee payable for disposal of apiary products or bee products

26. The disposal of apiary products or bee products shall be made at fees, which may be prescribed pursuant to these Regulations.

Certificate of conformity with sanitary requirements	27. No person shall place on the market or export any apiary product or bee product without a sanitary certificate in respect of such a product.
Packaging and export of beeswax	28. -(1) Beeswax shall be packed in Hessian cloth or in gunny bags. (2) Beeswax shall be processed in uniform blocs. (3) Every bag containing beeswax for export shall be plainly marked with the words "Beeswax" and "PRODUCE OF TANZANIA".
Seizure of apiary products or bee products	29. - (1) Any apiary product or bee product which is obtained in contravention of the requirements relating to quality control and standards or any other provisions of this part may be seized by the Director, Chief Executive Officer or as the case may be, an authorized officer. (2) Any apiary product or bee product, which has been seized pursuant to subregulation (1), may be disposed of in such manner as the Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer may decide.

**PART IV
MOVEMENT OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR BEEKEEPING APPLIANCES**

Permits for movement of apiary products or bee products or beekeeping appliances	30. - (1) Any person who intends to move honey exceeding one and a half tones(equivalent to fifty of twenty liter buckets) or three hundred kilograms of beeswax from one village to another village shall prior to so doing obtain a permit from the Director, Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer. (2) Any person who intends to move a bee hive from one district to another district shall prior to so doing obtain a permit from the Director, Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer. (3) No person shall import used bee hives or parts thereof. (4) All new imported beehives shall be inspected and fumigated at the cost of the importer at the ports of entry. (5) The form of movement permit issued under this Regulation shall be as set out in the First Schedule to these Regulations. (6) The movement permit shall be issued for such quantities of apiary products or bee products and upon such terms and conditions as the Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer may think fit.
Penalty for contravention of conditions relating to permit	31. Any person who contravenes any of the terms and conditions specified in the movement permit issued to him under this Part shall, on conviction be liable to pay a fine not less than five hundred thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not less than six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
Closure of roads to allow repair, etc.	32. An authorized officer may close any roads or tracks, other than public highways, in national or local authority bee reserve or beekeeping zone for such period as he may consider necessary either for the purpose of repair, maintenance or protection of such roads, or tracks, for the protection of bee resources and apiary products or bee products or Government property within the bee reserve or beekeeping zone against fire or theft.

**PART V
RESTRICTIONS IN BEE RESERVES**

Permit required for removal of colony, apiary product or bee product or wild plant from bee reserves.

33. - (1) Except where a permit has been issued by an authorized officer, no person shall collect, take, pick, store or remove colony, apiary product or bee product or any wild plant from within a bee reserve.

(2) A person or entity desirous of collecting, taking, storing, or removing any colony, apiary product or bee product, a wild plant or part thereof from a bee reserve shall make an application in a prescribed form and pay the necessary fees as may be prescribed from time to time by the Minister.

(3) The permit to collect, take, pick, store, or remove any colony, apiary product or bee product, any wild plant or part thereof from a bee reserve shall contain the following details:

- (a) name of the colony, apiary product or bee product, wild plant or part thereof;
 - (b) area of the reserve where the colony, apiary product or bee product, wild plant or part thereof is to be obtained;
 - (c) category and quantity of the colony, apiary product or bee product, wild plant or part thereof;
 - (d) conditions and seasons for removal of the colony, apiary or bee product, wild plant or part thereof;
 - (e) purpose for which the wild plant is to be used; and
 - (f) indicate whether or not the removal is in accordance with the management plan of the bee reserve.
- (4) A person or entity that contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall be proceeded against in accordance with the Act.

Restriction of motor traffic in bee reserve

34. - (1) Any road, track or path in a bee reserve other than a highway shall be deemed to be a private road.

(2) Any person intending to use a road, track or path passing through a bee reserve other than a highway shall do so after obtaining a permit and comply with the conditions therein.

(3) It shall not be lawful for any person, other than a person who is traveling through a bee reserve along a public highway cause or permit a motor vehicle to enter into the reserve.

Duty to repair damages to road, track, etc.

35. - Any person who damages any road, track, path, bridge, culvert, embankment, drain or any other work constructed in a bee reserve shall be required to make good of the damages.

Entry into bee reserve for mining purposes

36. - (1) No holder of a mining, research, eco-tourism licence or prospecting licence shall enter into any part of a national or local authority bee reserve for mining, research, eco-tourism or prospecting activities unless he has been granted a permit by the Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer for such purpose.

(2) The application form and permit of entry for mining, research, eco-tourism or prospecting activities shall be as provided for in the First Schedule to these Regulations and shall be accompanied by a fee prescribed under the Second Schedule to these Regulations.

(3) In addition to the prescribed fees, the holder of a mining, research, eco-tourism or prospecting licence shall repair any damage to the road, track, path, bridge or other unexhausted improvements occasioned by his activities, failing which he shall pay such compensation as the Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer may determine.

PART VI LICENCES AND PERMITS

A licence to carry on business in apiary products or bee products and non-transferability of licence

37.- (1) No person shall carry on the business or hold himself out as carrying on business in apiary products or bee products unless he is a holder of a licence prescribed in the First Schedule PART IV to these Regulations.

(2) No licence issued pursuant to the Act and these Regulations shall be transferable.

General conditions for grant of a licence

38. The grant of a licence shall be made on the general condition that a licensee shall at all the time during which a licence is valid remain qualified and suitable for the grant of a licence to carry on business in apiary product or bee product.

Application for licence and renewal

39. - (1) An application for a licence or for renewal of a licence shall be made to the Director or Chief Executive Officer or authorized officer in the prescribed form and manner and shall be accompanied by a prescribed fee.

(2) Application for renewal of licence shall be made not later than thirty days before the expiry of the licence.

Particulars of a licence

40. - (1) There shall be kept by the Director or Chief Executive Officer a register of the persons who have been issued with a licence.

(2) The register shall contain the following particulars in relation to each holder of a licence:-

- (a) the name of the holder;
- (b) the address of the principal place of business at which the holder carries on the business in respect of which the licence is held; and
- (c) where the business is carried on under a name or style other than the name of the holder of a licence, the name or style under which the business is carried on.

(3) Any person may, upon payment of the prescribed fee, inspect and take extracts from the register.

Activities or transactions authorized under a licence

- 41.** A holder of a licence shall -
- (a) carry on business in apiary products or bee products in the premises and within an area specified in the licence, and in case of honey and beeswax, in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
 - (b) carry on any dealing or enter into any transaction in relation to any apiary products or bee products only if such dealing or transaction is authorized by the licence; or
 - (c) deal in a type of apiary product or bee product that is specified in the licence.

Grant or refusal to grant a licence

- 42.** - (1) Subject to this Regulation and Regulation 41, the Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer shall, where he is satisfied that conditions for grant of licence have been met, issue a licence.
- (2) The Director, or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer shall not refuse to grant or renew a licence without first giving the applicant or the holder of the licence an opportunity to be heard.
- (3) Where the Director, or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer rejects an application for a licence or renewal of a licence, the fee that has been paid in respect of such application shall not be refundable.
- (4) A licence or permit grantable under the Act, may be issued in the name of an individual or a body corporate.
- (5) A licence shall only be granted if the applicant meets such requirements as may be determined by the Director, Chief Executive Officer or an authorized Officer either generally or specifically, or in the case of a licence for export of apiary products or bee products, the applicant must first meet the requirement relating to export of goods outside Tanzania.

False statement

- 43.** Any person applying for a licence or for renewal of a licence who, willfully or knowingly makes a statement which is false or misleading in any material particular or omits to make a statement in relation to any matter or thing without which the application becomes misleading in any material particular commits an offence.

Power to impose conditions or restrictions

- 44.** - (1) The Director or Chief Executive Officer or an authorized officer may grant application for a licence or renewal of a licence subject to such conditions or restrictions as may be prescribed in the licence or by written notice to a holder, and may in that respect, vary any condition or restriction in relation to such licence.
- (2) Without limitation to the generality of subsection (1), the Director or Chief Executive Officer or authorized officer may, in granting or renewing a licence, impose a condition or restriction as to the type of business that the licence holder may carry on including condition or restriction that he shall:-
- (a) only carry on business in apiary products or bee products as authorized by the licence;
 - (b) only carry on business in authorized areas;
 - (c) adhere to terms and conditions attached to the licence;
 - (d) carry on business by using only approved beekeeping appliances or apiary products or bee products.
- (3) A person who contravenes or breaches a condition or restriction in relation to which an application for a licence or renewal of licence was granted commits an offence and shall be proceeded against in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Duration of licence **45.** - (1) Every licence shall be valid for twelve months.
(2) A licence that has been renewed in accordance with the provision of this Part shall continue in force for a period of twelve months following the calendar year, January to December from the date of the renewal.

Change of particulars **46.** Where the holder of a licence ceases to carry on the business to which the licence relates or a change occurs in any particulars which are required to be entered in the register such information shall be reported to the Director or the Chief Executive Officer or as the case may be, an authorized officer.

Continuation of a licence pending renewal **47.** - (1) Subject to subregulation (2), where a person who holds a licence issued under these Regulations has before expiry of the licence applied for a renewal of the licence and the licence expires before the grant of the renewal or refusal or withdrawal of the application as the case may be the licence shall be deemed to continue in force until the licence is renewed or the application for the renewal of the licence is refused or withdrawn.

(2) The provisions of sub-regulation (1) shall only apply where an application for renewal of a licence was made within forty-five days prior to the date on which a licence in respect of which application for renewal has been made.

Extension of licence or permit **48.** - (1) The Director or Chief Executive Officer may extend the validity of the licence or permit for a further period of forty five days subject to any conditions he may impose and if he determines that such extension was desirable or beneficial to the public and sound beekeeping practices.

(2) Licence or permit issued under this part shall not in any circumstances be transferable or negotiable and may not be assigned to unauthorized persons.

Rate of fees **49.** The rate of fees payable for any licence, permit or certificate issued under these Regulations shall be as provided for in the Second Schedule to these Regulations.

Implied conditions of permits and licences **50.** Any term and or condition endorsed on a licence, permit or certificate shall be construed as an integral part of these Regulations.

PART VII EXPORT OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS

Export of apiary products or bee products **51.** No person shall export apiary products or bee products or any article, which purports to be apiary product or bee product in contravention of these Regulations.

Additional export conditions **52.** Without prejudice to the conditions specified in relation to the quality of apiary products or bee products meant for export, each exporter or processor shall conform to the standards prescribed under the Codex Alimentarius and other internationally accepted standards.

Nutritional value **53.** Each apiary product or bee product processing establishment, processing honey shall describe the nutritional value of such honey.

PART VIII
IMPORT STANDARDS FOR APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS

Import standards or conditions for apiary products or bee products

54. (1) No person or entity shall import or attempt to import any apiary product or bee product, (particularly honey) into Tanzania unless such apiary product or bee product:

- (a) Is free from any visible dirt;
- (b) Originates from a country where no noticeable bee disease has been reported in the previous six months;
- (c) Has complete address of the client including property marks, name and address of the importer;
- (d) Has the full description of the products including their nature, manufacture and expiry date, quantity, lot number, transport condition and date of shipment.

(2) No person or entity shall discharge, unload or place for sale imported apiary products or bee products unless apiary products or bee products inspector or any other person so authorized has screened the following documents:

- (a) Import licence;
- (b) A copy of bill of lading ;
- (c) A copy of sanitary certificate; issued by competent authority in the country of origin;
- (d) Evidence of availability of proper storage facilities and distribution channels for the consignment within Tanzania; and
- (e) The total quantity and value of the import.

(3) No person or entity shall import any apiary product or bee product that do not conform or comply with the standard specification set out in regulations: 15 (2), 22, 28 and 30 or Codex Alimentarius or any other internationally recognized apiary product or bee product standardization.

(4) Any person or entity who contravenes any of the terms and conditions regarding import standards of apiary product or bee product under this part, shall be proceeded against and on conviction be liable to pay a fine not less than five hundred thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not less than six months or both.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT No. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

LICENCES, PERMITS AND CERTIFICATES

[Made under Regulations 27 and 37(1)]

FORM NO.BF01

SANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR HONEY

I Identification details:

Country of origin:
Ministry:
Division
Nature of the product:
No. of containers:
Total weight (kg):

II Name and address of apiary products or bee products dealer:

.....
.....

III Name and address of importer:

.....

IV Sanitary information:

I, the undersigned officer hereby certify that the said product (honey) originates from apiaries free from foulbrood, acariasis, nose miasis and varroasis and that none of the said diseases has been found at least for the past six months within a radius of 5 km around these apiaries, that the honey has not been in contact with bees at least 72 hours before it was shipped and that the honey is fit for human consumption.

V Container No. Seal No.

Dated atthisday of 200.....

Stamp

Fees Paid (Tshs).....

ERV No.....Dated.....

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT, NO 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulations 25 (1) & (2)]

FORM NO.BF02

SANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR BEESWAX

I Identification details:
Country of origin:
Ministry:
Division
Nature of the produce:
No. of containers:
Total weight (kg):

II Name and address of apiary products or bee products dealers:
.....
.....

III Name and address of importer:
.....
.....

IV Sanitary information:
I, the undersigned officer hereby certify that the said produce (beeswax) is properly refined and unadulterated.

V Container No. Seal No.

Dated this day of 200.....

Stamp

Fees paid: Tshs ERV No. Dated

.....

DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT, NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 39 (1) and (2)]

PART I

FORM NO.BF03A

APPLICATION FOR LICENCE FOR COLLECTION OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS

I/We of P.O. Box hereby apply for licence/
renewal of the same for
(state purpose).

Particulars of applicant(s)

- (a) Citizenship.....
- (b) If body corporate or association:
 - (i) Certificate of Incorporation or Registration Number
 - (ii) Registered or main office (location) within
Region and District
- (c) Nature of operation (Selling of apiary products or bee products), honeybees keeping
- (d) Description of apiary products or bee products
- (e) Number of previous year's licence
- (f) Previous year's performance
 - (i) Volume or quantity collected.....
 - (ii) Revenue
- (g) Brief statement of experience in beekeeping and trade in apiary products or
bee products
.....
.....

I/We undertake to pay the prescribed fees, royalties and dues and to abide by the
terms and conditions which the Director or Chief Executive Officer shall prescribe.

Fees Paid Tshs.....

ERV No.....Dated.....

.....
Signature of Applicant(s)

.....
Date

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT, NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 42 (1) to (5)]

PART II

FORM NO.BF03B

GRANTING OR REFUSAL OF LICENCE

TO:

.....

Dear Sir/Madam,

Your application for licence dated.....
has been granted / refused.

Conditions for refusal are

.....
.....
.....
.....

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

1. The licensee shall maintain a daily register of apiary products or bee products collected or sold at the premises at which the licensee operates.
2. The licensee shall produce on demand the register so as to facilitate access to and inspection of apiary products or bee products or bee products processing establishment.
3. The licensee shall on demand by the authorized officer provide information requested by authorized officer in respect of his activities and production methods at the apiary product or bee product processing establishment.
4. The licensee shall all times practice and keep apiary products or bee products under hygienic and clean surroundings.
5. In the event of contravention of any provision of the Beekeeping Act No. 15 of 2002 or any other rules thereunder or any term or condition of this licence, the licence may be cancelled.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 36 (1) to (3)]

FORM NO. BF04

**ENTRY FORM PERMIT FOR PERSON, ANIMALS OR VEHICLES INTO NATIONAL OR
LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

This permit is granted to of P. O. Box to enter in the
bee reserve at (Entry point) within District for the
following activities subject to terms and conditions stated herein.

.....
.....

Fees amounting to Tshs. have been paid against ERV No.
Dated Station This permit is valid for (time)
hrs/days/months/years from the time/date of issue or payment of the prescribed fee/charges
to the Authorized Officer.

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

CONDITIONS:

1. This permit is not transferable and is valid for a period specified.
2. The Authorized Officer may revoke the permit at any time in the event of breach of the terms and conditions of the permit.
3. The period of the permit shall not be extended, and upon expiry new application shall be made if required.
4. The permit is only valid for the area demarcated by the authorized officer.
5. The permit shall be surrendered by permit holder to the issuing officers on expiry date of the permit.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 33 (1) to (3)]

PART I

FORM NO. BF05A

**APPLICATION FOR PERMIT FOR COLLECTING AND REMOVING
APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR WILD PLANTS ETC FROM
A BEE RESERVE**

I/We of P.O. Box hereby apply for a permit to collect, or remove apiary products or bee products or wild plant etc. from the Bee Reserve located in..... District. The particulars of apiary products or bee products or wild plants etc. are stated hereunder.

- (a) Name of wild plant/ apiary product or bee product
- (b) Category (e.g. comb honey, refined beeswax) and quantity of wild plant/apiary product or bee product
- (c) Conditions and Seasons of collection or removal.....
.....
.....
- (d) Purpose of obtaining wild plant/apiary products or bee products
.....
- (v) Place where apiary product or bee product/wild plant will be used
.....

I/We undertake to comply with the terms and conditions which the authorized officer may prescribe

Fees paid Tshs..... ERV No.....Dated

.....
Signature of applicant (s)

.....
Date

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT, NO 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 33 (1) to (3)]

PART II

FORM NO. BF05B

**PERMIT FOR COLLECTING AND REMOVING APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR WILD
PLANTS FROM A NATIONAL/LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

To

.....

.....

.....

Dear Sir/Madam,

Your application for a permit to collect/remove apiary product or bee products/wild plants etc. at within the National/Local Government Bee Reserve has been granted on the following grounds that is to say:

.....

.....

.....

.....

This permit is valid up to (date)..... and (time)..... and shall be produced for verification at check point/ port of exit.....

Fees paid: TShs.ERV No. Dated

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 34 (2)]

PART I

FORM NO. BF06A

**APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO USE ROAD OR TRACK IN NATIONAL
OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

I/We of P.O. Box hereby apply for a permit or
renewal of the same for (state the purpose)

I/We agree to abide by the terms and conditions which the Director/Chief Executive Officer shall
prescribe in relation to the use of road or track.

Fees paid TShs.ERV No. Dated

.....
Signature of applicant(s)

.....
Date

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 34 (2)]

PART II

FORM NO. BF06B

**PERMIT TO USE ROAD OR TRACK IN A
NATIONAL OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

This permit is granted /refused to of P.O. Box for passage through theBee Reserve in the District.

Particulars of mode of transport used point of entry

Description of route(s) to be followed

Other particulars or reason(s) for refusal.....

This permit is valid up to (date)..... and (time)and shall be produced for verification at check point/exit at

Fees paid TShs..... ERV No.....Dated.....

.....

.....

DIRECTOR/ CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date and stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 11)

PART I

FORM NO.BF07A

**APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF
REGISTRATION OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS DEALER**

I/We of P.O. Box hereby apply for registration as dealer in

I/We agree to abide with conditions stated overleaf

Fee paid Tshs.....ERV NO.Dated.....

Signature of applicant.....Date.....

CONDITIONS:

- (1) This certificate is not transferable
- (2) The holder of this certificate shall maintain a daily register of stock separately for each apiary product or bee product concerned.
- (3) The stock register shall be produced on demand before any Senior Beekeeping Officer.
- (4) The prescribed fees for registration of apiary products or bee products Dealers/Traders shall be as follows:
 - (a) Dealers in local market Tshs 25,000/= per year.
 - (b) Dealers in export market Tshs 50,000/= per year.
- (5) Exporter shall submit to the Director a copy of laboratory analysis report from competent and recognized organization before export permit is granted.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 11)

PART II

FORM NO.BF06B

**GRANT OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF DEALER IN APIARY
PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS**

M/S..... ofwho

is/are carrying on business or dealing in (Name of apiary product or bee product) at (address)..... is/are hereby registered as dealer under the provisions of the Beekeeping Act, 2002 (No. 15 of 2002).

This certificate of Registration shall expire on the 30th June

Fees Paid Tshs.ERV NO.....Date.....

.....
DIRECTOR OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

CONDITIONS

- 1) This certificate is not transferable
- 2) The holder of this certificate shall maintain a daily register of stock separately for each apiary product or bee product concerned.
- 3) The stock register shall be produced on demand before any Senior Beekeeping Officer.
- 4) The prescribed fees for registration of apiary products or bee Products Dealers/ Traders shall be as follows:
 - (a) Dealers in local market Tshs 25,000/= per year.
 - (b) Dealers in export market Tshs 50,000/= per year.
- 5) Exporter shall submit to the Director a copy of laboratory analysis report from competent and recognized organization before export permit is granted.

Category of Dealer

Registration fee (Tshs.)

Annual Fee (Tshs.)

-
- (i) Exporters of Honey and Beeswax
 - (ii) Local dealer in apiary products or bee products
 - (iii) Other minor apiary products or bee products

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 11)

FORM NO.BF07A

PART I
REFUSAL OF REGISTRATION

To:
.....
.....

Dear Sir/Madam,

Your application for registration as dealer in apiary products or bee products
dated has not been approved for the following reasons

.....
.....

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulations 37 and 38)

PART II

FORM NO.BF07B

GRANT OF LICENCE/PERMIT/CERTIFICATE OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS DEALERS

This licence/permit/certificate is granted to of P.O. Box("the grantee") on the following terms and conditions:

1. This licence/permit/certificate is valid until (Date), renewable on the request of the grantee and subject to the Director's or Chief Executive Officer's approval.
2. Payment of a fee being Shillings, plus a renewal remittance of Shillings every year.
3.
4.
5. Fee paid Tshs.....ERV NO.Dated.....

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 42 (1) to (5)]

PART III

FORM NO.BF07C

REFUSAL OF LICENCE/PERMIT/CERTIFICATE OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS DEALERS

To:

.....

Dear Sir/Madam,

Your application for licence/ permit/certificate to deal with apiary products or bee products has been rejected on the following grounds:

.....

.....

.....

.....

DIRECTOR /CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....

Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 51)

FORM NO. BF08

GRANT OF EXPORT PERMIT FOR APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS

Station

This export permit is granted to
of P.O. Boxwith Registration No..... to export apiary products or bee
products of the following description and quantity from the.....
District (s).....
Region (s)

- (1) Apiary products or bee products.....
- (2) Quantity
- (3) Value
- (4) Destination
- (5) Export Permit
- (6) Grade

Conditions:

- (1) This permit is not transferable and is valid for a period of 12 months
(1st July – 30th June)
- (2) Exporter shall submit to the Director a copy of laboratory analysis report from a
competent and recognized organization before export permit is granted.

Fees Paid Tshs..... ERV No..... Dated:

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 36 (2)]

PART I

FORM NO. BF09A

**APPLICATION FOR PERMIT FOR PROSPECTING/ EXPLORING OR MINING IN
NATIONAL/LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVES**

I/we of P.O. Box hereby apply for a permit to prospect/explore/mine in
the National / Local Government bee reserve within
District(s)Region (s).
(a) Name of mineral(s)
(b) Bee reserve where mineral(s) is/are to be prospected for/explored/mined
Fees paid Tshs.ERV No. Dated.....

Name and Signature of Applicant

Date

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under regulation 36)

PART II

FORM NO. BF09B

REFUSAL TO GRANT A PROSPECTING/EXPLORING OR MINING PERMIT IN NATIONAL OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE

M/s of P. O. Box
Your application for permit to prospect/explore/mine in the National/Local
Government Bee Reserve within the District(s) has been rejected on the following grounds namely:

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under regulation 36)

PART III

FORM NO. BF09C

**GRANT OF PERMIT FOR PROSPECTING/ EXPLORING OR MINING IN NATIONAL OR LOCAL
GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

This permit is granted toof P.O.Box..... for
days/months/years with effect from to prospect/explore/mine within the
..... District(s)
.....Region (s) subject to the conditions prescribed overleaf.

Issued at (*station*)..... this day of

Fees paid and Tshs.....ERV No.Dated.....

.....
DIRECTOR OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

CONDITIONS:

- 1) Taking all such necessary precaution to prevent the occurrence or spread of fire within or adjacent to the permitted area.
- 2) Taking all reasonable precautions not to unnecessarily destroy or damage vegetation on the permit area.
- 3) Rehabilitating all areas cleared, explored or otherwise disturbed.
- 4) Allow EIA to be conducted and accept EIA report.
- 5) Any camp and base works shall not be established unless prior approval is obtained from the authorized officer.

REHABILITATION MAY INCLUDE:

- (i) Backfilling all holes, trenches or made safe.
- (ii) Contouring to the original landform.
- (iii) Reforestation.
- (iv) Paying royalty at current rate for any apiary products or bee products obtained or damaged in connection with the operations.
- (v) All waste materials, rubbish, plastics shall be removed from the permit area prior to or at the termination of the operations.
- (vi) Prior to cessation of the exploration/prospecting/mining activities in the permit area notifying the authorized officer and arranging an inspection is required.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under regulation 36 (1)]

PART I

FORM NO. BF10A

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE TO OPERATE A RECREATION FACILITY IN A NATIONAL OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE

I/We of P. O. Box hereby apply for a licence/lease to operate a recreation facility in the National or local Government bee Reserve in.....District (s).....Region (s)

I/We abide by the terms and conditions prescribed by the Director. Chief Executive Officer

Fees Paid Tshs.....ERV NO.....Dated.....

.....

Signature of Applicant

Date

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation 36 (1)]

PART II

FORM NO. BF10B

REFUSAL TO GRANT A LICENCE TO OPERATE A RECREATION FACILITY IN A NATIONAL OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE

To:

.....

.....

Dear Sir/Madam,

Your application for a licence/lease to operate a recreation facility in a National or Local government Bee Reserve has been rejected on the following grounds:-

.....

.....

.....

.....
DIRECTOR OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[(Made under Regulation 36 (1))]

PART III

FORM NO. BF10C

**GRANT OF LICENCE TO OPERATE A RECREATION FACILITY IN A NATIONAL
OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVE**

This licence/lease is granted toof P.O.Box.....to operate a recreation facility in the National or Local Government Bee Reserve In District(s)..... Region(s) subject to the conditions prescribed here under.

Issued at (*station*)..... this day of

Fees paid

Tshs.....ERV NO.....Dated.....

.....
DIRECTOR OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

Conditions:-

- 1) This licence is not transferable and is valid for a period of 12 months (1st July – 30th June).
- 2) Taking all such necessary precaution to prevent the occurrence or spread of fire within or adjacent to the permitted area.
- 3) Taking all reasonable precautions not to unnecessarily destroy or damage vegetation on the permit area.
- 4) Rehabilitating all areas cleared, explored or otherwise disturbed.
- 5) Allow EIA to be conducted and accept EIA report.
- 6) Any camp and base works shall not be established unless prior approval is obtained from the authorized officer.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 54)

PART I

FORM NO. BF11A

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO IMPORT APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR BEEKEEPING APPLIANCES

I/we of P. O. Box hereby apply for a permit to import into Tanzania the following apiary products or bee products..... (Kg/ton).....from (Country).....or new beekeeping appliances..... quantityfrom (Country)

which is free from any noticeable disease for the last six months.

I/we attach certificate of inspection and abide by any conditions prescribed in the permit.

Fees Paid...Tsh.....ERV No.....Date.....

.....
Signature of applicant

.....
Date

CONDITIONS FOR THE PERMIT:

- 1) This permit is not transferable and is valid for 12 months from 1st July-30th June.
- 2) The importer after expiry of the permit surrenders the same to the authorized officer.
- 3) In the event of contravention of any provision of the Beekeeping Act no. 15 of 2002 or any rules there under or any term or condition of this permit, the permit may be cancelled.
- 4) Inspection report from a competent authority of the original country to certify that apiary products or bee products or new beekeeping appliances are free from disease.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Made under Regulation (54)]

PART II

FORM NO. BF11B

GRANT OF IMPORT PERMIT FOR APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR NEW BEEKEEPING APPLIANCES

This import permit is granted to of P. O. Box to import into Tanzania apiary products or bee products.....
(Kg/ton).....from (Country).....or new beekeeping appliances.....
.....quantityfrom (Country)
.....
or new beekeeping appliances of the following description and quantities
.....
.....
..... (name and number of appliances)

Fees Paid Tshs..... ERV No..... Dated.....

.....
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and Stamp

CONDITIONS FOR THE PERMIT:

- 1) This permit is not transferable and is valid for 12 months from 1st July-30th June.
- 2) In the event of contravention of any provision of the Beekeeping Act no. 15 of 2002 or any rules there under or any term or condition of this permit, the permit may be cancelled.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 27)

PART I

FORM NO. BF12A

**APPLICATION FOR SANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR INTERNAL MARKETING OR DEALING IN
APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS**

1. I/we Of P. O. Box hereby apply for a permit for sanitary certificate for internal marketing or dealing in apiary products or bee products.

2. Product identification details.

- a) Name of the product.....
- b) Nature of the product.....
 - (i) Colour.....
 - (ii) Moisture content.....
 - (iii) Form (Comb/Strained/Granulated)
- c) Origin of the product (region, district, division, village).....
- d) Nature of packaging containers.....
- e) Suitability of storage facilities of the product (Room).....

If from outside Tanzania country of origin.....and accompanying sanitary information.....

3. Particulars of a product dealer

(a) Name and address of dealer

(b) Nature of business (state whether individual, body corporate or Association).....

- i. Certificate of incorporation or registration number.....
- ii. Registration or main office (location.....
withinRegionanddistrict.

(c) Brief statement of experience in beekeeping or trade in apiary products or bee products

- i. Volume quantity.....
- ii. Revenue

4. I/ We agree to observe quality specification and conditions which the Director or Chief Executive Officer shall prescribe.

Fees Paid Tshs..... ERV No.....Dated.....

Signature of applicant

Date.....

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 27)

PART II

FORM NO. BF12B

**GRANT/REFUSAL OF SANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR INTERNAL MARKETING OR DEALING IN
APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS**

To:.....
.....
.....

Dear Sir/ Madam

Your application for sanitary certificate for internal marketing or dealing in apiary products or
bee products dated has been granted / refused.
Reasons for refusal are

.....
.....
.....
.....

.....
DIRECTOR/ CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

.....
Date and stamp

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002**

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 30)

FORM NO. BF13

**TRANSIT PASS FOR APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR NEW BEEKEEPING
APPLIANCES**

1. Mr./Ms (Names).....

Being the owner or the holder of (specify licence number)..... for apiary products or bee products specified hereunder is permitted to move the said product from to (Name of town/district).

2. The apiary products or bee products bears/ does not bear the personal registered mark/ registered properly mark of the owner licensee

3. This transit pass along with apiary or bee products described herein shall be presented for checking and verification at checkpoints (Name of check points)

4. Mode of transport allowed (Road/rail/water way/air)

5. This transit pass shall expire on (Date)

PARTICULARS OF APIARY PRODUCT OR BEE PRODUCT OR APPLIANCE

Description	Name of product/Appliance	Quantity

Signature and seal of Authorized Officer

Signature & Seal of checkpoint Officer(s)

Date.....

Date.....

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 30)

PART I

FORM NO. BF. 14A

**APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO MOVE APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS OR
BEEKEEPING APPLIANCES FROM ONE AREA TO ANOTHER**

I/We of P. O. Box hereby apply for a permit to move the following
apiary products or bee products (Kg/Ton)..... from to
..... Town /District.

I/We the rightful/Owner/ Licensee of the mentioned apiary products or bee products or beekeeping
appliances.

CONDITIONS FOR THE PERMIT

1. This permit is not transferable and is valid for 12 months from 1st July – 30th June.
2. The owner/licensee after expiry of the permit surrenders the same to the authorized officer.
3. In the event of contravention of any provision of the Beekeeping Act No. 15 of 2002 or any rule there under or any term or condition of this permit, the permit may be cancelled.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 30)

PART II

FORM BF 14B

GRANT/REFUSAL FOR A PERMIT TO MOVE APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEEKEEPING PRODUCTS OR NEW BEEKEEPING APPLIANCES

This movement permit is granted/refused to of P. O. Box to move the said apiary products or bee products Kg/Ton from To..... town district or new beekeeping appliances of the following description and qualities

.....
.....
.....

(Name and number of appliances)

Fees paid Tsh..... ERV No. Dated

.....

.....

Director/Chief Executive Officer

Date and Stamp

CONDITIONS FOR THE PERMIT

1. This permit is not transferable and is valid for 12 months from 1st July – 30th June.
2. In the event of contravention of any provision of the Beekeeping Act No. 15 of 2002 or any rules there under or any term or conditions of this permit, the permit may be cancelled.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
THE BEEKEEPING ACT NO. 15 OF 2002

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 49)

RATES OF FEES

1. LICENCE FEES

- (a) For installation of telecommunication facilities, mineral water extraction facilities, hydropower and large-scale irrigation schemes the fee payable is TShs.200, 000/= as establishment fee and Tshs 100,000/= per year as Bee Reserve management fees.
- (b) For undertaking other commercial business such as kiosk, shops, hotels, etc in Bee Reserve TSh. 50,000/= per year per unit.

2. FEES FOR ENTRANCE, CAMPING, FILM MAKING, RESEARCH, ETC. IN BEE RESERVE

A: ENTRANCE FEE IN BEE RESERVES FOR EACH PERSON PER DAY

		NATIONALS (Tanzanian Shillings)	NON-RESIDENTS (US Dollars or equivalent)
1	For each person of or above the age of 16 years.	1,500.00	10.00
2	Between the age of 5 and 16 years	1,000.00	5.00
3	Children below the age of 5 years	Free	Free

B: PERMIT FOR CAMPING IN BEE RESERVES FOR EACH DAY

		NATIONALS (Tanzanian Shillings)	NON-RESIDENTS (US Dollars or equivalent)
1	For each person of or above the age of 16 years.	1,000.00	20.00
2	Between the age of 5 and 16 years	100.00	5.00
3	Children below the age of 5 years	Free	Free

C: PHOTOGRAPHY

		NATIONALS (Tanzanian Shillings)	NON-RESIDENTS (US Dollars or equivalent)
1	Per day	3,000	10.0

D: PERMIT FOR EACH VEHICLE PER DAY

		NATIONALS (Tanzanian Shillings)	NON-RESIDENTS (US Dollars or equivalent)
1	Tare weight up to 2000 Kilograms	5,000.00	30.0
2	Tare weight from 2000 to 7000 Kilograms	10,000.00	150.00

E: GUIDE SERVICES FEE PER DAY

		NATIONALS (Tanzanian Shillings)	NON-RESIDENTS (US Dollars or equivalent)
1.	For use of official guide	500.00	10.00
2	Walking Safari guide	5,000.00	20.00

F: COMMERCIAL FILMING FEES

Each person (including Directors, Producers, Artists, Technicians) making or participating in making film

		US Dollars or equivalent per day
1	For a group of 1-10 persons	
	First week	800.00
	Second week	600.00
	Third week	400.00
	For each subsequent week	200.00
2	For a group of 11-20 persons	
	First week	1,600.00
	Second week	1,300.00
	Third week	1,000.00
	For each subsequent week	600.00
3	For a group of more than 20 persons	
	First week	3,000.00
	Second week	2,000.00
	Third week	1,500.00
	For each subsequent week	500.00

3. GRADING EXPORT CERTIFICATE FEES

I. Grading fees Commercial

Fees for inspection of beeswax, honey and other apiary products or bee products for export shall be TSh.40,000/= per consignment not exceeding 20 tonnes. Any extra weight will be treated as complete consignment.

Non Commercial

Fees for inspection of beeswax, honey and other apiary products or bee products for export as trade sample, gift and personal effects shall be TSh.5,000/= per consignment not exceeding 30 kg (20 liters) for honey and 1 kg for other apiary or bee products.

Consignment exceeding 30Kg shall not be considered as gift, personal effect nor trade sample and shall be charged as commercial consignment.

II. Export certificate fees.

(a) Export certificate fee for gifts or personal effects and trade samples shall be TShs.20, 000/= per consignment.

(c) Export certificate fee for commercial consignment shall be TShs.60, 000/=

4. FEES FOR REGISTRATION OF APIARY PRODUCTS OR BEE PRODUCTS DEALERS FOR EACH FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) Apiary products or bee products for export shall be TSh.50,000/=
- (b) Local commercial apiary products or bee products dealers shall be TSh. 25,000/=

5. BEE RESERVE ROAD SERVICE FEES

Users of National/Local Government Bee Reserve roads shall be charged fees as follows:

Capacity of vehicle	Rate of fee per entry
Less than 1 tone	TSh. 300/- per entry
1 – 3 tones	TSh. 600/= per entry
More than 3 - 5 tones	TSh. 1,200/= per entry
More than 5 – 10 tones	TSh.1, 500/= per entry
more than 10 tons	TSh. 2,000/= per entry

6. FEES FOR MINERAL EXPLORATION OR MINING IN NATIONAL OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT BEE RESERVES

Fees for a permit to enter a National or Local Government Bee Reserve for mineral prospecting/ exploring or mining shall be determined and set by the Director or Chief Executive Officer and will differ from place to place depending on the type of mineral.

7. FEES FOR ANY APPLICATION FORMS

- (i) Application fees for local dealers Tshs 1,000.
- (ii) Application fees for exporters Tshs 5,000.

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 20(1))

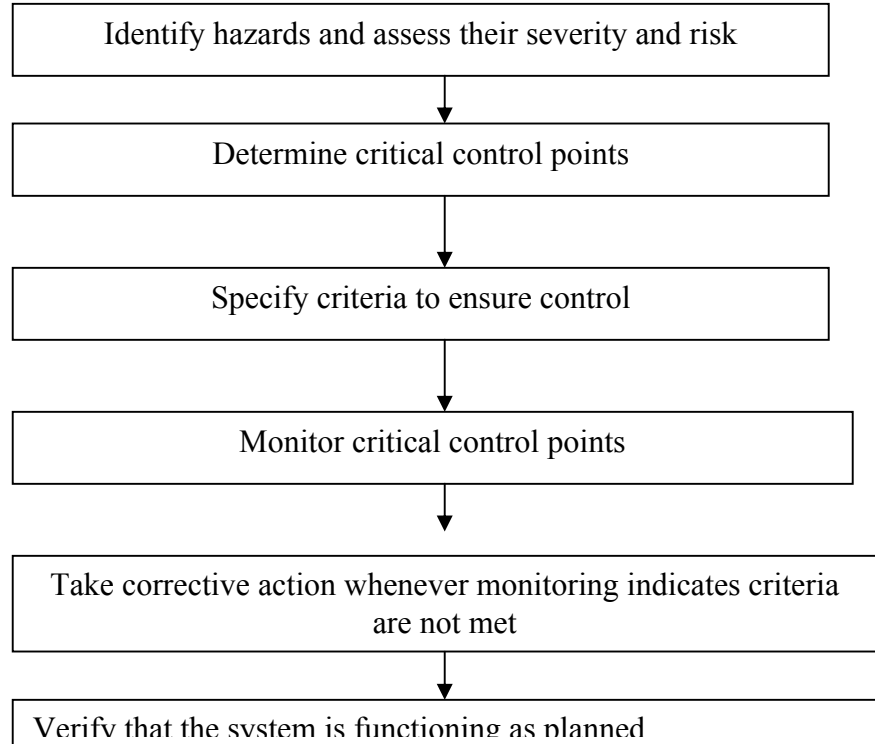
HACCP PRINCIPLES

The hazard analysis critical control point (HACCP) concept is a systematic approach to the identification assessment and control of hazards. The system offers a rational approach to the control of microbiological hazards in foods, avoids the many weaknesses inherent in the inspectional approach and circumvents the shortcomings of reliance on microbiological testing. By focusing attention on the factors that directly affect the microbiological safety of a food, it eliminates wasteful use of resources on extraneous considerations, while ensuring that the levels of safety and quality are met and maintained.

Components of the system and definitions of terms

The HACCP system comprises of the following sequential steps:

1. Identification of hazards and assessment of the severity of these hazards and their risks (hazard analysis), associated with growth, harvesting, processing, manufacture, distribution, marketing, preparation and/or use of a raw material or food product.



- **Hazard** means the unacceptable contamination, growth or survival in food of microorganisms that may affect food safety or lead to spoilage, and/or the unacceptable production or persistence in foods of products of microbial metabolism.
- **Severity** is the magnitude of the hazard, or the seriousness of the possible consequences.
- **Risk** is an estimate of the probability of a hazard occurring.

Hazard analysis consists of an evaluation of all procedures concerned with the production, distribution and use of raw materials and food products to: (1) identify potentially hazardous raw materials and foods that may contain poisonous substances, pathogens, or large numbers of food spoilage microorganisms, and o/or that can support microbial growth; (2) identify the potential sources and specific points of contamination; (3) determine the probability that microorganisms will survive or multiply during production, processing, distribution, storage and preparation for consumption; and (4) assess the risks and severity of the hazards identified.

2. Determination of critical control points (CCPs) at which the identified hazards can be controlled.

- HACCP is an operation (practice, procedure, location or process) at which control can be exercised over one or more factors to eliminate, prevent or minimize a hazard.

In some food processes, control of a single operation (CCP) can completely eliminate one or more microbial hazards, e.g., in pasteurization. It is also possible to identify control points at which a hazard can be minimized but not completely eliminated. Both types of CCP are important and must be controlled.

3. Specification of criteria that indicate whether an operation is under control at a particular critical control point.

- Criteria are limits of characteristics of a physical (e.g., time or temperature), chemical (e.g. concentration of salt or acetic acid), biological or sensorial nature.

It is important to select appropriate means to check that the hazard has been controlled at the CCP. Factors to be monitored may include time and temperature for thermally processed foods; water activity (aw) of certain foods, pH of fermented foods, chlorine level in can cooling water; humidity in storage areas for dry products; temperature during distribution of chilled foods; depth of product in trays to be chilled; instructions for preparation and use by the consumer. All criteria selected should be documented or specified clearly and unambiguously, with tolerances where appropriate. Choice of control criteria will depend on usefulness, cost, and feasibility but they must provide high assurance of control.

Hazard analysis critical control evaluations

4. Establishment and implementation of procedures to monitor each critical control point to check that it is under control.

- Monitoring involves the systematic observation, measurement and/or recording of the significant factors for control of the hazard. The monitoring procedures

chosen must enable action to be taken to rectify an out-of-control situation, either before or during an operation:

The monitoring must detect any deviation from the specification (loss of control) in time for corrective action to be taken before the product is sold or distributed. Five main types of monitoring are employed; observation, sensory evaluation, measurement of physical properties chemical testing and microbiological examination.

5. Implementation of appropriate corrective action when monitoring indicates that criteria specified for safety and quality at a particular critical control point are not met.
6. Verification, i.e. the use of supplementary information and tests to ensure that the HACCP system is functioning as planned.

Verification may be done by either quality control staff or health or regulatory agency personnel. It includes a review of the HACCP plan to determine whether all hazards have been detected, all critical control points identified, criteria are appropriate, and monitoring procedures are affective in evaluating operations. Records are reviewed and supplementary tests done to evaluate the effectiveness of the monitoring.

Dar es Salaam....., 2005

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Zakia H. Meghji
Minister for Natural Resources and Tourism